

# Botany Multiple Question For Entrance Manual

**Botany multiple question for entrance** exams are an essential part of the syllabus for students aspiring to pursue careers in biology, agriculture, environmental science, and related fields. These questions are designed to assess a candidate's understanding of fundamental plant biology concepts, their grasp of scientific terminology, and their ability to apply botanical knowledge in practical scenarios. Preparing effectively for these questions can significantly enhance a student's chances of success in entrance examinations, which often include multiple-choice questions (MCQs) as a key component.

## Understanding the Importance of Botany Multiple Questions in Entrance Exams

Entrance exams for various science courses, particularly in biology-focused disciplines, frequently include multiple questions on botany. These questions serve multiple purposes:

- **Assessment of Basic Knowledge:** They evaluate familiarity with fundamental botanical concepts such as plant structure, physiology, reproduction, and classification.
- **Testing Analytical Skills:** Some questions challenge students to analyze diagrams, interpret data, or apply concepts to new situations.
- **Preparation for Higher Studies:** A solid foundation in botany enhances readiness for advanced coursework and research in plant sciences.

Because of their significance, understanding the common topics and question patterns is crucial for effective preparation.

## Common Topics Covered in Botany Multiple Questions for Entrance

Entrance exam questions on botany typically span a broad range of topics. Below are some of the most frequently tested areas:

### 1. Plant Morphology and Anatomy

- Structure of roots, stems, and leaves
- Types of plant tissues (meristematic and permanent tissues)

- Internal organization of plant organs
- Differences between monocots and dicots

## 2. Plant Physiology

- Photosynthesis process and its significance
- Transpiration and respiration
- Plant nutrition and mineral uptake
- Hormonal regulation in plants

## 3. Reproduction in Plants

- Types of reproduction: sexual and asexual
- Flower structure and function
- Pollination mechanisms
- Seed dispersal methods

## 4. Classification of Plants

- Major plant groups: algae, bryophytes, pteridophytes, gymnosperms, angiosperms
- Key features and differences among these groups
- Characteristics of major plant families

## 5. Ecology and Environment

- Plant adaptations to different environments
- Ecological roles of plants
- Conservation of plant biodiversity

## 6. Economic Botany

- Uses of plants in medicine, industry, and agriculture
- Important crops and their features
- Plant-based products

## Types of Multiple Choice Questions in Botany

Entrance exams may include various formats of MCQs, each testing different cognitive levels:

### 1. Factual Questions

- Test basic recall of facts, definitions, and terminology.
- Example: Which pigment is primarily responsible for photosynthesis?

### 2. Conceptual Questions

- Assess understanding of concepts and relationships.
- Example: Why do monocots have leaf veins parallel to each other?

### 3. Application-Based Questions

- Require applying knowledge to practical situations.
- Example: If a plant's stomata are blocked, what process will be affected?

### 4. Diagram-Based Questions

- Involve labeling or interpreting diagrams of plant structures.
- Example: Identify the parts labeled in the diagram of a flower.

### 5. Assertion and Reason Questions

- Present two statements where students determine the validity and relationship.
- Example: Assertion: All gymnosperms produce seeds exposed on cones. Reason:

Gymnosperms lack flowers.

## Preparation Tips for Botany Multiple Questions

Effective preparation involves understanding the exam pattern, practicing regularly, and adopting strategic study methods. Here are some tips:

### 1. Focus on NCERT Textbooks

- Most entrance exams are based on NCERT syllabus for class 11 and 12.
- Cover chapters on plant diversity, morphology, physiology, and ecology thoroughly.

## 2. Use Diagrams and Charts

- Visuals aid in better retention of plant structures.
- Practice labeling diagrams of flowers, parts of a leaf, and plant tissues.

## 3. Practice Previous Year Papers

- Analyze question patterns and frequently asked topics.
- Time yourself to improve speed and accuracy.

## 4. Make Short Notes and Flashcards

- Summarize key points, definitions, and processes.
- Use flashcards for quick revision of important terms.

## 5. Take Mock Tests

- Simulate exam conditions to build confidence.
- Identify weak areas and work on them.

## Sample Multiple Choice Questions for Practice

To help students get familiar with exam questions, here are some sample MCQs covering various topics:

- **Question:** Which part of a plant is primarily responsible for photosynthesis?
- a) Root
- b) Stem
- c) Leaf
- d) Flower

*Answer: c) Leaf*

- **Question:** The process of seed dispersal by wind is called:

- a) Anemochory
- b) Hydrochory
- c) Zoochory
- d) Autochory

*Answer: a) Anemochory*

- **Question:** Which of the following is a gymnosperm?

- a) Pine
- b) Rose
- c) Wheat
- d) Mango

*Answer: a) Pine*

- **Question:** The pigment responsible for capturing light energy in photosynthesis is:

- a) Hemoglobin
- b) Chlorophyll
- c) Carotene
- d) Xanthophyll

*Answer: b) Chlorophyll*

- **Question:** Which plant hormone is primarily responsible for cell elongation?

- a) Auxin
- b) Cytokinin
- c) Gibberellin
- d) Absciscic acid

*Answer: a) Auxin*

## Conclusion

Preparing for botany multiple questions for entrance exams requires a thorough understanding of core concepts, consistent practice, and strategic revision. By focusing on the key topics outlined

above, practicing previous year questions, and mastering diagram interpretation, students can significantly improve their performance. Remember, a well-rounded preparation not only boosts confidence but also lays a strong foundation for higher studies in plant sciences and related disciplines. Whether you are aiming for medical entrance, agriculture, or environmental science courses, a solid grasp of botany MCQs will surely give you an edge in your exams.

Happy studying and best of luck in your entrance exam preparations!

Botany multiple question for entrance exams are an essential component of many competitive exams related to biology, agriculture, forestry, and environmental sciences. These questions are designed to test a candidate's foundational knowledge of plant biology, including plant structure, physiology, reproduction, taxonomy, and ecology. Preparing effectively for botany multiple choice questions (MCQs) can significantly enhance your chances of success in entrance exams such as NEET, IIT-JEE, CSIR NET, and other university-level tests. In this comprehensive guide, we will explore the nature of botany MCQs, strategies for tackling them, common topics, and example questions to aid your preparation.

### Understanding Botany Multiple Choice Questions for Entrance Exams

Botany multiple question for entrance exams typically consist of a question stem followed by four or five options, with only one correct answer. These questions aim to evaluate not just rote memorization but also conceptual understanding, application skills, and analytical thinking. They can range from straightforward factual recall to more complex problem-solving scenarios.

### Key Features of Botany MCQs

- Objective Nature: Each question has a definitive correct answer.
- Varied Difficulty Levels: Questions may range from easy to very challenging.
- Coverage of Broad Topics: Covering plant anatomy, physiology, taxonomy, ecology, genetic engineering, and more.
- Time Efficiency: Designed for quick assessment, often requiring rapid recall or deduction.

### Common Topics Covered in Botany MCQs

To excel in botany MCQs, it's crucial to identify and understand the core topics commonly tested:

- Plant Morphology and Anatomy

- Types of roots, stems, leaves
- Tissue systems: meristematic and permanent tissues
- Vascular tissues: xylem and phloem
- Structural adaptations

- Plant Physiology

- Photosynthesis process and pathways
- Respiration and fermentation
- Transpiration and mineral nutrition
- Plant hormones and their functions

- Reproduction in Plants

- Asexual and sexual reproduction
- Flower structure and pollination mechanisms
- Fertilization and seed development
- Alternation of generations

- Taxonomy and Classification

- Binomial nomenclature
- Hierarchical classification
- Important plant families and their features

- Plant Ecology

- Ecological succession
- Ecosystem dynamics
- Environmental impact on plant life

- Genetic Engineering and Biotechnology

- DNA technology
- Cloning and recombinant DNA
- Applications in agriculture

### Strategies for Solving Botany MCQs

Success in botany multiple choice questions depends heavily on strategic preparation and test-taking techniques. Here are some practical tips:

- Build a Strong Conceptual Foundation
  - Focus on understanding concepts rather than rote memorization.
  - Use diagrams and flowcharts for complex processes like photosynthesis or plant reproduction.
- Regular Revision
  - Create concise notes on important topics.
  - Revise frequently to reinforce memory.
- Practice with Previous Year Papers
  - Solve previous years' questions to familiarize yourself with question patterns.
  - Identify frequently asked topics and recurring question styles.
- Time Management
  - Allocate time to each question based on difficulty.
  - Don't spend too long on a single question; move on and revisit if time permits.
- Elimination Method



- Use logical reasoning to eliminate obviously incorrect options.
- Narrow down choices to improve chances of selecting the correct answer.
  
- Use of Diagrams
  
- Be prepared to identify structures from diagrams or illustrations, common in botany MCQs.

### Sample Botany Multiple Choice Questions

Below are some example questions to illustrate the types of questions you might encounter, along with explanations to enhance understanding.

#### Question 1:

Which part of the plant is primarily responsible for photosynthesis?

- a) Root
- b) Stem
- c) Leaf
- d) Flower

Answer: c) Leaf

Explanation: Leaves contain chloroplasts and are the main site of photosynthesis in most plants.

#### Question 2:

The process of water movement from roots to leaves is called:

- a) Transpiration
- b) Guttation
- c) Capillarity
- d) Translocation

Answer: d) Translocation

Explanation: Translocation refers to the movement of water, nutrients, and organic compounds within the plant, primarily through the phloem.

Question 3:

Which of the following is a monocotyledonous plant?

- a) Pea
- b) Sunflower
- c) Maize
- d) Rose

Answer: c) Maize

Explanation: Maize (corn) is a monocot, characterized by features like parallel venation and a fibrous root system.

Question 4:

In plant physiology, which hormone is primarily responsible for fruit ripening?

- a) Auxin
- b) Cytokinin
- c) Ethylene
- d) Gibberellin

Answer: c) Ethylene

Explanation: Ethylene is a gaseous hormone that promotes fruit ripening.

Advanced Topics and Recent Trends in Botany MCQs

As botanical sciences evolve, entrance exams increasingly include questions on recent advances:

- Genetic modification and CRISPR technology
- Plant responses to climate change
- Biotechnology applications in agriculture
- Endangered plant species and conservation efforts
- Plant-microbe interactions

Staying updated with current research and developments can give you an edge in answering these questions confidently.

### Final Tips for Excelling in Botany Multiple Questions

- Master the basics: Many questions test fundamental concepts, so ensure your basics are clear.
- Use diagrams: Be comfortable with labeling and interpreting botanical diagrams.
- Practice MCQs regularly: Use online quizzes, mock tests, and question banks.
- Focus on weak areas: Identify topics you find challenging and prioritize their study.
- Stay calm and composed: During the exam, read questions carefully and eliminate incorrect options logically.

### Conclusion

Botany multiple question for entrance exams are a vital part of assessing a candidate's understanding of plant science. Success in these exams requires a balanced approach of conceptual clarity, regular practice, and strategic answering techniques. By focusing on core topics, practicing diverse questions, and staying updated with recent trends, aspiring students can significantly improve their performance. Remember, consistent effort and a positive mindset are key to mastering botany MCQs and achieving your academic and career goals in plant sciences.

Good luck with your preparations!

QuestionAnswer Which part of the plant is primarily responsible for photosynthesis? The leaves are primarily responsible for photosynthesis as they contain chlorophyll, which captures light energy. What is the main function of xylem in plants? The main function of xylem is to transport water and minerals from the roots to the aerial parts of the plant. Which pigment is responsible for the green color in plants? Chlorophyll is the pigment responsible for the green color in plants. What is the process by which plants produce their food? Plants produce their food through photosynthesis, a process that converts light energy into chemical energy. Which part of the plant develops into a fruit after fertilization? The ovary of the flower develops into a fruit after fertilization. Name the type of plants that complete their life cycle in one year. Annual plants complete their life cycle in one year. What is the term for the transfer of pollen from the anther to the stigma? The transfer of pollen from the anther to the stigma is called pollination.

**Related keywords:** botany quiz, entrance exam questions, plant biology test, botany MCQs, plant science entrance, biology multiple choice, botanical terminology quiz, plant anatomy questions, plant physiology test, botanical exam preparation

## post office entrance paper

### Post Office Entrance Paper: The Essential Guide for Secure and Efficient Mail Handling

In today's fast-paced world, the humble post office entrance paper plays a vital role in ensuring the smooth and secure operation of postal services. Whether you're managing a busy mailroom, setting up a new postal facility, or simply interested in the materials that keep postal operations running smoothly, understanding the intricacies of post office entrance paper is essential. This guide delves into the definition, types, uses, benefits, and best practices related to post office entrance paper, providing valuable insights for postal employees, business owners, and postal service enthusiasts alike.

## What Is Post Office Entrance Paper?

Post office entrance paper refers to specialized paper materials used at the entry points of postal facilities. These papers are primarily designed for security, identification, and operational purposes. They are typically placed at the entrance of post offices or mail processing centers and serve functions such as:

- Marking the entrance area
- Providing instructions or information
- Enhancing security measures
- Facilitating identification and verification processes

The main goal of using entrance paper in post offices is to streamline operations while maintaining high security standards, preventing unauthorized access, and guiding visitors efficiently.

## Types of Post Office Entrance Paper

There are various types of entrance papers used in postal facilities, each tailored to specific needs. Understanding these types helps in selecting the right material for your particular application.

## 1. Entrance Signage Paper

Signage paper is used to create clear, visible signs at the entrance. These signs provide essential information such as:

- Operating hours
- Security notices
- Directions for visitors
- COVID-19 guidelines (if applicable)

Features include weather resistance, durability, and high print quality.

## 2. Security and Inspection Paper

These papers are embedded with security features like watermarks, holograms, or special inks to prevent forgery and tampering. They are often used to:

- Seal or mark entrance checkpoints
- Provide tamper-evident notices
- Indicate restricted access zones

## 3. Identification and Authorization Paper

Used for issuing temporary or permanent passes, these papers help in verifying personnel and visitors. They may include:

- Visitor passes
- Staff ID cards
- Contractor badges

## 4. Warning and Instruction Paper

Placed at strategic points, these papers communicate critical instructions, including:

- Safety protocols
- Queue management
- Entry restrictions

## Uses and Applications of Post Office Entrance Paper

The application of entrance paper in postal facilities is diverse, ensuring security, clarity, and operational efficiency. Key uses include:

### 1. Securing the Entrance

Entrance papers serve as a first line of security by marking restricted areas, indicating surveillance zones, and displaying security notices.

### 2. Guiding Visitors and Staff

Clear signage helps visitors navigate complex postal premises, reducing confusion and improving flow.

### 3. Verifying Access

Identification papers and security seals facilitate quick verification of authorized personnel, minimizing unauthorized entry.

### 4. Enhancing Security Measures

Tamper-evident papers and security inks help detect attempts at unauthorized access or tampering.

### 5. Branding and Information Dissemination

Custom printed papers not only serve functional purposes but also reinforce the postal brand and communicate essential information effectively.

## Benefits of Using Post Office Entrance Paper

Implementing the right type of entrance paper provides numerous advantages:

- **Enhanced Security:** Tamper-proof and security features prevent forgery and unauthorized access.
- **Operational Efficiency:** Clear signage and instructions facilitate smooth movement of people and mail.
- **Cost-Effectiveness:** Durable papers reduce the need for frequent replacements.
- **Improved Visitor Experience:** Clear guidance and identification make visits more comfortable and secure.

- **Brand Consistency:** Customized signage maintains a professional and uniform appearance.

## Materials Used in Post Office Entrance Paper

Choosing the right materials is crucial for durability, security, and clarity. Common materials include:

### 1. Standard Paper

Used for general signage and instructions. Features include affordability and ease of printing.

### 2. Waterproof and Weather-Resistant Paper

Perfect for outdoor signage, these papers withstand rain, humidity, and UV exposure.

### 3. Security Paper

Contains security features like watermarks, holograms, and special fibers to prevent forgery.

### 4. Vinyl or Plastic Sheets

Heavy-duty materials suitable for long-term outdoor signage and high-traffic areas.

## Best Practices for Using Post Office Entrance Paper

To maximize the effectiveness of entrance paper, consider the following best practices:

### 1. Customization

Tailor signage and security papers to match your postal facility's branding and operational needs.

### 2. Durability

Select weather-resistant and tear-proof materials for outdoor signage to ensure longevity.

### 3. Clear and Concise Messaging

Use simple language and prominent fonts to maximize visibility and understanding.

### 4. Regular Maintenance and Replacement

Inspect signage regularly and replace any damaged or faded papers to maintain professionalism

and security.

## 5. Incorporate Security Features

Utilize security inks, holograms, or watermarks for sensitive signage to prevent counterfeiting.

## Conclusion

Post office entrance paper might seem like a small detail, but it plays a crucial role in ensuring the smooth, secure, and professional operation of postal services. From signage that guides visitors to security papers that prevent tampering, the materials used at the entrance set the tone for the entire facility. By understanding the different types, uses, and best practices associated with post office entrance paper, postal administrators and staff can enhance operational efficiency, security, and customer experience.

Investing in quality entrance papers and implementing proper management practices not only safeguards the facility but also reinforces the postal service's commitment to security and professionalism. Whether you're updating existing signage or designing a new postal facility, selecting the right entrance paper is a strategic decision that contributes to the overall success of postal operations.

For optimal SEO performance, ensure your website or article includes relevant keywords such as "post office entrance paper," "postal signage," "security papers for post offices," "mailroom signage," and "postal security materials" throughout the content.

Post Office Entrance Paper is an often-overlooked but essential element in the daily operations and customer experience of postal services worldwide. This specialized paper, used predominantly for entrance notices, queue tickets, or informational signage at post office entrances, plays a crucial role in communication, organization, and branding. Its quality, durability, design, and usability can significantly influence customer perception and operational efficiency. In this comprehensive review, we will explore various aspects of post office entrance paper, including materials, design features, functional benefits, drawbacks, and best practices for selection and usage.

## Understanding Post Office Entrance Paper

Post office entrance paper refers primarily to printed materials used at the entry points of postal facilities. These include queue tickets, entrance notices, signage, and sometimes temporary posters or informational sheets. Designed to withstand the environment of a busy postal setting, this paper must balance durability, readability, and cost-efficiency.

Types of Post Office Entrance Paper



- Standard Receipt-Style Paper: Used for queue tickets, often thermal or bond paper.
- Signage Paper: Larger sheets printed with operational hours, health notices, or promotional messages.
- Weather-Resistant Paper: For outdoor signage or notices exposed to elements.
- Specialty Paper: Includes features like security printing or watermarking for official notices.

## Materials and Composition

The choice of material directly impacts the durability, appearance, and functionality of the entrance paper.

### Common Materials Used

- Thermal Paper: Widely used for queue tickets due to quick printing and low cost. It reacts to heat to produce images, requiring minimal ink.
- Bond Paper: Standard white paper used for notices and signage; offers good printability and rigidity.
- Coated Paper: Has a smooth surface for high-quality printing and better durability.
- Weatherproof or Waterproof Paper: Laminated or specially coated to resist moisture, suitable for outdoor signage.
- Recycled Paper: Eco-friendly options that reduce environmental impact, though sometimes with lower durability.

#### Pros and Cons of Materials

| Material         | Pros                                    | Cons                                          |
|------------------|-----------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------|
| Thermal Paper    | Fast printing, economical, compact      | Fades over time, sensitive to heat and light  |
| Bond Paper       | Good print quality, sturdy              | Can be more expensive, less weather-resistant |
| Coated Paper     | High-quality appearance, smooth surface | Higher cost, less eco-friendly                |
| Waterproof Paper | Durable outdoors, moisture resistant    | Higher cost, may require special printers     |
| Recycled Paper   | Eco-friendly, sustainable               | May have lower strength or print quality      |

## Design and Printing Considerations

Effective post office entrance paper must be designed with clarity, visibility, and purpose in mind.

### Key Design Features

- Readable Font Size: Ensures messages are visible from a distance.
- Contrasting Colors: Enhances readability, especially in outdoor or busy environments.
- Clear Messaging: Concise language with straightforward information.
- Branding Elements: Incorporation of postal service logos, slogans, or colors for brand recognition.
- Security Features: Watermarks or holograms on official notices to prevent forgery.

### Printing Technologies

- Thermal Printing: Ideal for queue tickets, fast and efficient.
- Offset Printing: Suitable for large signage or posters, high-quality output.
- Digital Printing: Flexible for small batches or customized notices.

## Functional Features and Practical Usage

The primary function of post office entrance paper is to facilitate smooth customer flow and provide vital information.

### Operational Benefits

- Queue Management: Ticketing systems printed on thermal paper help organize customers efficiently.
- Information Dissemination: Notices about hours, safety protocols, or special services inform customers proactively.
- Brand Visibility: Well-designed signage reinforces the postal brand image.
- Security and Authenticity: Special paper features deter counterfeiting of official notices.

### Environmental and Sustainability Aspects

- Use of recycled or biodegradable paper aligns with eco-friendly initiatives.
- Avoiding excessive paper waste by printing only necessary notices.

- Considering digital alternatives to reduce paper consumption.

## Advantages of Using Post Office Entrance Paper

- Ease of Use: Simple printing and quick deployment.
- Cost-Effective: Especially thermal tickets and standard signage.
- Immediate Visibility: Notices and tickets are immediately visible to customers.
- Customizable: Can be tailored with specific information, branding, or security features.
- Versatility: Suitable for indoor and outdoor use with appropriate materials.

## Limitations and Challenges

While post office entrance paper offers many benefits, some limitations warrant consideration.

- Environmental Impact: Excessive use contributes to paper waste if not managed properly.
- Durability Issues: Standard paper may degrade quickly in harsh weather unless treated.
- Fading and Wear: Thermal paper tickets can fade over time, reducing readability.
- Cost of High-Quality Materials: Weatherproof or security papers can be more expensive.
- Limited Flexibility: Physical notices require manual updating or replacement.

## Best Practices for Selection and Usage

To maximize effectiveness, postal authorities should consider the following when selecting and deploying entrance paper materials:

- Assess Environmental Conditions: Outdoor signage should be weather-resistant.
- Prioritize Readability: Use large fonts and high-contrast colors.
- Incorporate Branding: Maintain consistency with postal branding guidelines.
- Use Security Features: For official notices, include watermarks or holograms.
- Optimize for Cost and Sustainability: Balance quality with eco-friendly options.
- Plan for Maintenance: Regularly replace worn or faded notices to maintain professionalism.

## Innovations and Future Trends

The evolution of postal services and technological advancements are influencing the use of entrance paper.

### Digital Integration

- Digital Signage: Replacing traditional paper with electronic displays reduces paper waste.
- Mobile Notifications: Sending queue updates or notices via SMS or apps.
- QR Codes: Embedding QR codes on notices for quick access to information or services.

### Eco-Friendly Materials

- Development of biodegradable or plant-based papers.
- Reusable signage with changeable inserts or digital screens.

### Enhanced Security Features

- Incorporation of anti-counterfeit features into notices.
- Use of RFID or NFC tags in tickets for seamless tracking.

## Conclusion

Post Office Entrance Paper remains a fundamental component of postal operational infrastructure, serving both functional and branding purposes. Its selection requires careful consideration of material properties, environmental conditions, security needs, and cost constraints. While traditional paper-based notices and tickets continue to serve effectively, ongoing innovations in digital communication and sustainable materials promise a future where paper usage can be optimized or even replaced altogether. Postal authorities that prioritize clarity, durability, security, and eco-friendliness in their entrance paper strategies will enhance customer experience, operational efficiency, and their commitment to environmental responsibility.

In summary, post office entrance paper is more than just a medium for communication ? it is an integral part of the postal service?s identity and operational success. Proper understanding and strategic use of this tool can significantly improve customer satisfaction and streamline postal operations for years to come.

**Question** What is the purpose of the post office entrance paper? The post office entrance paper serves as an admission or identification document required for entry into certain post office facilities or for specific postal services. **Answer** How can I obtain the post office entrance paper online? You can usually download the post office entrance paper from the official postal service website or mobile app by logging into your account and following the designated process. Are there any specific requirements to fill out the post office entrance paper? Yes, you may need to provide personal details such as your name, address, contact number, and purpose of visit. Some forms might also require identification proof. Is the post office entrance paper necessary for all postal services? No, it is typically required only for certain services like bulk mailing, special deliveries, or

access to restricted areas within the post office. Can I reuse the same post office entrance paper for multiple visits? Usually, each entry requires a new or valid entrance paper to ensure security and proper record-keeping, so reuse is generally not permitted. What should I do if I lose my post office entrance paper? If you lose your entrance paper, contact the post office staff immediately to get a replacement or guidance on the next steps to access services. Are there any security features on the post office entrance paper? Yes, many entrance papers include security features such as QR codes, holograms, or watermarks to prevent forgery and ensure authenticity.

**Related keywords:** post office entrance signage, entrance paper, postal service signage, office entry paper, postal doorway sign, entrance notice paper, postal office label, entryway paper sign, post office gate paper, entrance identification paper

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